The PRESIDING OFFICER. By unanimous consent, the mandatory quorum call has been waived.

The question is, Is it the sense of the Senate that debate on the nomination of Leslie Southwick to be United States Circuit Judge for the Fifth Circuit shall be brought to a close?

The yeas and nays are mandatory under the rule.

The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from California (Mrs. BOXER), the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. DODD), and the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Kennedy) are necessarily absent.

I further announce that if present and voting, the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Kennedy) would vote "nay."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 62, nays 35, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 392 Ex.]

#### YEAS-62

DeMint	Lugar
Dole	Martinez
Domenici	McCain
Dorgan	McConnell
Ensign	Murkowski
Enzi	Nelson (NE)
Feinstein	Pryor
Graham	Roberts
Grassley	Salazar
	Sessions
	Shelby
	Smith
Inhofe	Snowe
Inouye	Specter
Isakson	Stevens
Johnson	Sununu
Kyl	Thune
Lieberman	Vitter
Lincoln	Voinovich
Lott	Warner
	Dole Domenici Dorgan Ensign Enzi Feinstein Graham Grassley Gregg Hagel Hatch Hutchison Inhofe Inouye Isakson Johnson Kyl Lieberman Lincoln

## $NAYS\!\!-\!\!35$

Baucus	Kerry	Obama
Bayh	Klobuchar	Reed
Biden	Kohl	Reid
Bingaman	Landrieu	Rockefeller
Brown	Lautenberg	Sanders
Cantwell	Leahy	Schumer
Cardin	Levin	Stabenow
Casey	McCaskill	Tester
Clinton	Menendez	Webb
Durbin	Mikulski	
Feingold	Murray	Whitehouse
Harkin	Nelson (FL)	Wyden

# NOT VOTING—3

Boxer Dodd Kennedy

The PRESIDING OFFICER. On this vote, the yeas are 62, the nays are 35. Three-fifths of the Senators duly chosen and sworn having voted in the affirmative, the motion is agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the question is, Shall the Senate advise and consent to the nomination of Leslie Southwick to be United States Circuit Judge for the Fifth Circuit.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second? There is a sufficient second.

The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk called the roll. Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from California (Mrs. BOXER), the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. DODD), and the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Kennedy) are necessarily absent.

I further announce that, if present and voting, the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Kennedy) would vote "nay."

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Webb). Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 59, nays 38, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 393 Ex.]

#### YEAS-59

Akaka	DeMint	Lugar
Alexander	Dole	Martinez
Allard	Domenici	McCain
Barrasso	Dorgan	McConnell
Bennett	Ensign	Murkowski
Bond	Enzi	Nelson (NE)
Brownback	Feinstein	Pryor
Bunning	Graham	Roberts
Burr	Grassley	Sessions
Byrd	Gregg	Shelby
Chambliss	Hagel	Smith
Coburn	Hatch	Snowe
Cochran	Hutchison	
Coleman	Inhofe	Specter
Collins	Isakson	Stevens
Conrad	Johnson	Sununu
Corker	Kyl	Thune
Cornyn	Lieberman	Vitter
Craig	Lincoln	Voinovich
Crapo	Lott	Warner

### NAYS-38

#### NOT VOTING-3

Boxer Dodd Kennedy

The nomination was confirmed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the motion to reconsider is laid upon the table, and the President is notified of the Senate's action

Mrs. CLINTON. Mr. President, I opposed the nomination of Leslie Southwick to serve a lifetime appointment on the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit. His tenure as a judge on the Mississippi Court of Appeals reveals a record that fails to honor the principles of equality and justice and demonstrates a disregard for civil rights.

The American people deserve Federal judges—regardless of who nominates them—who are dedicated to an evenhanded and just application of our laws. In case after case, Judge Southwick has demonstrated a lack of respect and understanding for the civil rights of all Americans, and particular indifference towards the real and enduring evils of discrimination against African Americans and gay and lesbian Americans.

After reviewing his judicial opinions and examining his qualifications, I

have concluded that Judge Southwick's regressive civil rights record should disqualify him from serving a lifetime appointment on the Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit. I urge the President to select judicial nominees who embrace the principle that all are equal under the law.

#### LEGISLATIVE SESSION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will now return to legislative session.

DEVELOPMENT, RELIEF, AND EDU-CATION FOR ALIEN MINORS ACT OF 2007—MOTION TO PROCEED

The PRESIDING OFFICER. There will now be 20 minutes of debate equally divided before a cloture vote on a motion to proceed to S. 2205.

The majority leader.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I am going to use my leader time so it does not interfere with the 20 minutes allocated. The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without

objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, earlier this year, we had a chance at comprehensive immigration reform. I agree with the President of the United States that we should do comprehensive immigration reform. President Bush and I, I repeat, were in agreement. That effort brought people together from both sides of the aisle, from all parts of the political spectrum. We agreed our current immigration system works well for no one. That effort brought Democrats and Republicans together in pursuit of a common good.

Many of us then were profoundly disappointed when this issue was stopped, not because of the President, but by Republicans in the Senate and a few Democrats. It was a real disappointment to me. We had spent so much time on the floor trying to move forward on comprehensive immigration reform.

I continue to believe that tough, fair, practical and comprehensive reform is the only way to get control of our broken immigration system and restore the rule of law. I remain committed to enacting comprehensive legislation as soon as we can. But until we can once again look forward to comprehensive immigration reform, we should, at the very least, enact the DREAM Act. We tried to offer this crucial legislation as an amendment to the Defense authorization bill, but we were blocked from doing so by a small number of Republicans.

At that time, I committed to moving the DREAM Act for a vote before November 16. Today, that is where we are. We now turn to the DREAM Act as stand-alone legislation, and I once again rise to offer my strong support for this legislation. Anyone who believes as I do that education unlocks doors to limitless opportunity should join me in voting for this legislation.

We should vote for this legislation because the DREAM Act recognizes